WHEELING, WEST VA., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1878.

## The Intelligencer.

sather here yesterday. At noon the erening at 60°, and at 11 o'clock last 48°, making a range for the day The rain that commenced falling dris the afternoon and continued on sh the night, was greatly needed, as st reads were dusty beyond endurance, by reads were dusty beyond endurance, by wheat and pasture fields drying up, iver too low for anything but the ed boats. We trust, now the rain e, that Jupiter Pluvius will not antil the ground is well soaked.

poon's recent invention, by which midy is expected to take the place of graf gas stocks in New York. New or City Gas Company's stock, which Ha Sabout two months ago, sold at

lega be said for the people of West minthat they did a good deal of indeat voting on the 8th. For instance, Andleton county they elected Pennyter Dem., to the House of Delegates Boggs, Rep., County Clerk takis only a sample of a good deal of une kind of voting in the different

TO NATIONAL NARROW-GAUGE RAILWAY It is a permanent organ-& Louis June 19, 1872. The object of ed the narrow and broad gauge sysmin every detail upon which estimates test and profit are based. It is desired

contributes a three column article to ecinnati Christian Standard to show is the Yellow fever is "a scourge from The weak part of his article is ad the innocent by the fever. He can y sicked cities, (and he might also withat nearly all cities are wicked), but canot show that the good people there sot as worthy of being exempted from is sourge as the wicked are i being punished by it. Neither a be show why the fever should Grenada more than the del cities of Memphis and New Or m por why it should be so destructive ume rural districts and omit others ebr entirely. Natchez has generally ted for the size of it - and yet it has whelmingly. ped thus far. How comes that?

here and its forbearance here and son the Accumulation of Wealth. m of taxation shall result from the

passing. Taxation is to be one of the are issues in this country. The mistic spirit will have little to feed ed where they belong. One way of ble all complaint is to so graduate ion as to make it fall heaviest on the vealthy. The man who has a million ter prepared to pay the same rate of an who has only \$1,000, or who has \$5,000 or \$10,000. He has no need my himself or family any luxury erate circumstances the case is altoanily a certain degree of refinementment as money well expended on give save at the expense of their intellectual and moral culture. fore he feels as a heavy weight the in that his more fortunate neighbor pays ren in larger proportion without curtailheat of any domestic or social enjoyment. as long as the law protects men in the ation of such vast estates as the amonaires of the country enjoy—especi-tyrichestates as those of the Vanderbilts, m, Stuarts, &c - it should have the powto drawing heavily upon them for the said of society's necessary burdens. Unhas this is done there will be trouble some is. The sight of one man owning a great broughfare-a railroad hundreds his houses and lots by the hundred, and, lions of money control the endry goods trade of the country, is a

instance, the following plank in But- nefs stepped down,

## ler's platform has been favorably com-

pretty much all the rest of his platform:

Resolved, That land of equal production and capacity shall be subject to equal taxation, whether cultivated or not, to the end that the land monopolist in the future may be held in check, and that the public domain may be preserved to the actual tiller of the soil.

If this resolution was put forward, by itself, for endorsement by the people of the United States, it is altogether probable that it would be overwhelmingly adopted. The safety of this country from com

munism is in the exact measure of jus tice meted out to the tax paying masses Vast accumulations of property in on man's hands are not to be encouraged, but rather discouraged by a proper discrimina tion in the matter of taxation in favor of small property holders. Most men can, if properly favored by law, become at least is sending down the small property holders, and the safety of society is in the number of such citize It is a better distribution of wealth that the world needs. To this end no confisca tion laws are necessary, but simply such aws as will throw the heavy end of th public burdens on the large properties of he country.

> A Significant Dispatch. A London dispatch in to-day's paper says that the glut of cotton goods in Lan-

cashire, England, issimply unprecedented. Some of the prominent mills are shutting down; or restricting production. And yet for two years past America has been xporting a large amount of cotton goods to England. For instance, for the year ending June 30th last, we exported \$14,-435,628 worth, and since 1873 we have decreased our importations of foreign cotton goods, from all countries, from \$29,652,116 of cotton goods are steadily increasing and our imports steadily decreasing, is the cause, in large part, of the great glut in ton, so it is in iron. Hence the recent great failures in the iron trade in Great Britain. We have increased our iron and steel exports from \$6,389,429 in 1873 to \$12 084 084 for the year ending the 30th of June last, and at the same time we have decreased our imports of iron from \$44,-660,489 in 1873 to \$3,802,084 during the last year. Is it any wonder that times are hard in England in these and other branches of industry, when they are losing, more and more every year, such a Not only losing her as a customer but encountering her as a formidable rival at their own doors.

## A Partial Offset to Arches Fork in Wetzel

As far as heard from the returns in Grant county give Martin 191, Burr 205 and Thompson 72. A. C. Schurr, Rep., is elected to the House of Delegates over-

that in point of its Republean unanimity almost offsets Arches Fork in Wetzel counbeer as regards its visitations here ty, the place where neither Hubbard nor Harrison nor Fisher got a vote, and where for it is just as easy to explain an Ben Wilson got 110. We refer to the of Providence in detail as in the Maysville precinct. There the vote stood Burr 109, Martin 9 and Thompson 9. They rejoice so much in the nines in that precinct that we suppose they would greatly enjoy Moody and Sankey's "Ninety and Said Mr. Saltonstall, who was in Florida Nine" song.

The vote in the Belmont Congressional District stands as follows:

Updegraff, Republican..... Lawson, Democrat........ Smith, National

## tewart L. Woodford and the Reformed Episcopal Synod of New York. ditors Intelligencer. With respect to the issue between S. L.

Woodford and the R. E. Synod of New York, I am not fully posted as to the facts; but while I do not hesitate to admit saity and luxury of his manner of life | Church, as in all other orthodox churches here been satisfied. With the man in \_so called \_who do not hold to the eternity of future punishnent, it should be wher different. He cannot deny his stated at the same time that the R. E. Church, in its standards, does most unequivocally teach the endless punishment of the wicked, and this doctrine, I feel of the wicked, and this doctrine, I seevery confident that the Reformed Episcopalians as a body; will stand by inasmuch as they believe it to be taught in the Holy Scriptures. I do not propose to discuss the doctrine but merely to make such a atement as will prevent a false impress-

AN EXCITING SCENE IN COURT.-During

miles long; and another who counts the contestant's counsel with a declaration at last, by the thousand; and of a third the counsel to show cause why they whose millions of money country the en-This caused great excitement and an every great that of the country, is a set that arouses not only the envy of set has a rouses not only the envy of set has been so the set in the same of relation that through the Chief Magistrate

A SYSTEM OF REFORM

In the same of a secondary special stream of the set to be peles inequality as prepares their size for idea of a communistic characs existing between Miss Crawford and the proposed to show that the intimate relations the set in the set of the view of of t arouses not only the envy of extraordinary scene in court.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

## A CARD FROM TILDEN.

The Statesman of Gramercy Park Explains.

He Denies All Knowledge of the Cipher Dispatches.

And Informs the People that He Was Elected President of the United States.

New York, October 17.—The following has just been given to the press: "A card from Mr. Tilden. I have read the publications in the Tribune of the 8th instant, purporting to be a translation of cipher telegrams, relating to the canvass of votes in Florida at the Presidential election of 1876, and have looked over those printed in the Tribune this morning, relating to the canvass in South Carolina. I have no knowledge of the existence of these telegroms, nor any information about them, except what has been derived from or since the publications of the Tribune. So much for these telegrams generally. I shall speak yet more specifically as to some of them.

First. Those which relate to an offer purporting to have been made in behalf of some members of the State Board of Canvassers in Florida, to give for a pecuniary compensation, certificates to the Democratic electors who had been actual-

niary compensation, certificat Democratic electors who had be ly chosen.

GRAMS

containing such an offer or answering such containing such an offer or answering such an offer or relating to such an offer was sent by me, translated to me, or the contents of it in any manner made known to me. I had no knowledge of the existence or purport of any telegrams relating to that subject, nor did I learn the fact that an offer of the Florida certificates had been made until long after the 6th of December, at which time the certificates were delivered and the electoral votes cast, and when the information casually reached me as of a past event, it was accompanied by the statement that the offer had been rejected.

nd. As to the publications in the Second. As to the publications in the Tribune of this morning, purporting to be the translations of the cipher telegrams relating to the canvass of votes in South Carolina in 1876, which I have seen since I wrote the foregoing, I can speak of them no less definitely and positively.

NO CIPHER OR TRASLATED DISPATCH.

was ever shown to or its contents made known to me. No offer or negotiation in behalf of the State Canvassers of South Carolina, or of any of them, or any dealing with any of them, in respect to the certificates to the elector, was ever authorized or sanctioned in any manner by me directly or through any other person.

I will add that no offer to give the certificates of any Returning Board or any State canvassers of any State to the Democratic electors in consideration of promises of office, or money, or property, no negotation with any such member to in finence the action of any elector of the President and Vice President by such motives was ever entertained, considered, or tolerated by me or by any body within my influence, by my consent, or—with my knowledge or acquiesence. No such contemplated transaction could at any time

I HAVE NOT THE SLIGHTEST DOUBT IN

Said, Mr. Saltonstall, who was in Florida at the time, in a recent interview with the Herald, "that that Florida vote could have been bought if Mr. Tilden had been dis-honorable enough to desire it done, for a great deal less that \$50,000 or \$20,000. It was known that either one of the two members who composed a majority of the Florida State canvassers, could control its action and give the certificates to the Dem-cerats. Either one of them could settle action and give the certificates to the Democrats. Either one of them could seitle the Presidential controversy in favor of the Democratic candidates, who lacked one vote. How accessible to .venal inducements they were, is shown by the testimony of McLin, the Chairman of the Board of State Canvassers, in his examination before the Potter Committee in June last. He admitted that the

TRUE VOTE OF THE PEOPLE of Florida was in favor of the Democra thstanding the great frauds against the emocrats in some of the county returns. Democrats in some of the county returns. He also confessed that in voting to give certificates to the Republican electors he acted under the influence of promises that acted under the influence of promises that he should be rewarded in case Mr. Hayes became President, adding that certainly these promises must have had a strong control over my judgment and action. After the certificates of the Louisana Returning Board had been repeatedly offered to Mr. Hewitt and others for money, offered to Mr. Hewitt and others for money, they were given in favor of the Republi-can electors, who had been rejected by a large majority of the voters and members. This Board now possess the most impor-tan Federal offices in the State.

An Exciting Scene in Court.—During the examination of a female witness in the Vanderbilt case on Tuesday an attempt was made to extract testimony from here by contestant's counsel calculated to degrade the reputation of the late Commodity of the Court THE PREGNANT FACT

fessed and proved to have been obtained by corrupt inducements, were afterward made the pretext for taking from the people their rightful choice for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. These certificates were declared by the tribunal to which Congress had abdicated the function of deciding the count of the disputed electoral votes to be the absolute and indisputable conveyance of the title to the chief magistracy of the mation. Florida, which had united all her executive, legislative and judicial places to testify to Congress long before the count, who were her genuine agents, which had by statute caused a re-canvass and the issue of new certificates and a formal sovereign authentication of the rights of the true elector to deposit votes entitled to be counted, was held to be incapable, communicating to Congress a fact which cannot now be disputed. Congress, though vested by the Constitution with the authority to count the electoral votes, though unrestricted either as to the time when it should receive evidence or as to the nature of that evidence, and though subject to no appeal from its decision, was declared to not appeal from its decision. appeal from its decision, was declared to have no power to guide its own count by any information it could obtain, or by any authority which it might accept from the wronged and betrayed State whose vote was about to be falsified.

THE MONSTROUS CONCLUSION was thus reached that the act of one holding the deciding vote, in a Board of State Canvassers (for without his concurrence frauds of other returning boards would have failed), in giving certificates, known at the time, and now by himself confessed, false and fraudulent, and confessed to have altained by a promise of office, certitalse and fraudulent, and confessed to have obtained by a promise of office, certi-ficates whose character was known months before Congress could begin and count, must preyalf over all the remedial powers of the State of Florida and of the Congress ly chosen.

NONE OF THESE TELEGRAMS NOR ANY TELEdispose of the Chief Magistrate of this Reublic.

S. J. Thuen.

## WASHINGTON.

SILVER DOLLARS AND CERTIFICATES. WASHINGTON, October 17.—The follow-ng is the official statement of standard ilver dollars and silver certificates issued and on hand. It is from the returns up to the close of business yesterday: Silver certificates issued, \$2,178,070; on hand, \$1,732,920; actually outstanding, \$445,550. Standard silver dollars received from the mints, \$11,957,046; on hand, \$7,513,766; balance outstanding, \$4,443,280. LIEUT, BENNER DIES OF FEVER,

At a meeting of the Executive Commit-tee of the Yellow Fever Relief Commission to-day, the announcement of the death of Lieut. Benner, of the U.S. A, command-ing the relief boat John M. Chambers, on its expedition down the Mississippi river, was made by the Chairman, who paid a tribute to the courage and bravery of the officer who had voluntarily risked his life in the cause of mercy and human-ity.

PORGED NOTES ON ENGLISH BANKS. NEW YORK, October 17.—Wm. F. Flosswell was arrested to-day charged with offering the agents here of the Union Bank of London 21,200 in lorged £10 circular notes.

Synactise, N. Y., October 17.—A whole family, John Sullivan, wife, five children and servant, have been poisoned, probably by arsenic. A quarrelsome neighbor is suspected: DROWNED.

DROWNED.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., October 17.—Two
young ladies named Ellen and Georgia
Hughey, two children of Calvin Martin and
a young man named Melver were drowned
near Sanford Monday. A party of six
were returning in a wagon from camp
meeting. The road was overflowed by
the rivers and lake and the horses strayed
into deep water and upset the vehicle. DETROIT, October 17.—The verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Farrell murder case is, that the deceased, Martha Farrell came to her death by violent abuse at the hands of Henry Laugage.

Fears for a Party of Government Surveyors.

Chicago, October 17.—A Lincoln, Neb., special says: Several unfounded reports of Indian depredations in this State have been published since the Cheyennes passed north along the Colorado line. The Adjutant General of Nebraska is now in the western part of the State and telegraphs from Kearnev to Gov. Gardner that a number of hostile Indians are within 150 miles of that place. The only depredations were running off 40 ponies from Wilson's ranche. Considerable anxiety, concerning the safety of two parties of 40 men who were surveying government lands on the Nigaberara river, in the immediate track of Cheyennes, is expressed, there being no word from them for two

weeks.
General Crook has ordered a detachment of cayairy from Camp Robinson to hunt up two government surveying parties.

## The Purchase of Silver Bullion

The Purchase of Aliver Bullion.

Washington, October 17.—An order issued by the Secretary of the Treasury this morning providing for the mode of purchasing silver bullion hereafter made, requires bids on Wednesday of each week for delivery at Philadelphia or San Francisco, to be delivered as proposed by bid, price of lots under 10,000 cunces to be fixed by value, dependent upon the market value ascertained by the public bids. It is found by experience that the London quotations are not a safe guide. The transactions there are for less in amount than in New York, and the quotations are frequently influenced by speculative movements and not by genuine sales.

## FOREIGN NEWS

The English Market for Cotton Goods Choked Up.

Their Productions.

McCome City, October 17.—Seventy-five cases and 11 deaths to date. Fever abat

CLINTON, October 17.—Fever still spreading in the country. Miss Riley died yesterday. Seven new cases since last report. Fever now one mile from Clinton.

HOLLY SPRINGS, October 17 .- Twelve

daily, some of them malignant.

MEMPITIS. October 17.—The Board of Health officially report 7 deaths from yellow fever during the past 24 hours, ending 6 o'clock to-night. The undertakers report 9 additional interments of parties who died outside the city line.

S. H. Read, cashier of the Union and Planters' Bank, was stricken this evening. His attack is a mild one and will not interfere with the regular business of the bank.

NEW OBLEANS, October 17 .- Dr. William

hours: Edward Legras, Sr., and 1 Eight new cases, 3 colored. Heav cleared cold, with a brisk norther. Heavy rain, \$25,000.

Leared cold, with a brisk norther.

Camo, October 17.—Three new cases of yellow lever within the last twenty-four hours, and one death, John McEwen, clerk in the postoffice. There is a good prospect of frost to-night.

Marine News.

New York, October 17.—Arrived: Austrian, from Liverpool.

Lavernool, October 17.—Arrived: Austrian, from Boston.

Grand Junction has no new cases; two deaths. Lagrange has four new cases; no

NEW ORLEANS, October 17.—Mercury 70°. Dr. Creavey was sent by the Howards to-day to Goodrich's Landing. Applications for relief to Young Men's Christian Association 89. Howards 973. The Howards received a dispatch from Dr. Gourrier at McComb City reporting several new cases developed to-day among the negroes, and asking for six more nurses.

The Howard's received the following from Holly Springs: Twenty-nine new cases and nine deaths this week; two-thirds being negroes. If the refugees could be kept out of town there would be an end of the fever; but flocking in as they do, they are either takendown and sent to the hospital or return to spread disease and pinic in the neighborhood. Most of the the sickness is now in the suburbs.

Angola, La-, October 17.—There are

Angola, La. October 17.—There are about 30 cases of yellow fever here and 4 deaths since Wednesday.

Paris, October 17.-Duke de Aucliffere

## RUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

CLOSED FOR WANT OF DUSINESS:

St. Louis, October 17.—A Sedalia (Mo.)
dispatch says: The First National Bank
of Warrensburg, Mo., closed its doors this
morning. The following notice was posted
on the door: "Owing to a steady withdrawal of deposits and its inability to realize on its assets without a sacrifice, the officers of the bank deem it expedients close
the doors. The officers assure the depositors they will lose nothing."

Mills Stopped or Greatly Restricting

Murderous Attack on Protestants by Mexican Catholics.

MORGAN CITY. October 17.—17 cases and deats; total deaths 87. DUCK HILL, October 17.—No fever in own. Eleven deaths to date in the

THIBODAUX, October 17. — Thirty-one cases and 3 deaths. Total cases 521.

NEW ORLEANS, October 17.—Eugene Du mel, a brilliant writer on the Meschacebe newspaper in St. John Baptist, died to-day of fever. No abatement of fever on the

HOLLY SPRINGS, October 17.—Tweive now cases to-day and 3 deaths. Fever slowly spreading in the country. Weather past two days cool and fires pleasant. Prospects of heavy frost in the morning. BAY Sr. Louis, October 17.—We think he fever is decreasing. Few new cases laily, some of them malignant.

Dr. Wm. Duncan has been sent to Tus-cumbia, Ala.

Among those who died to-day were E.

L. Michot, Geo. Krause, Mattie Peterson,
Susan Sanpe and her son Frank and Mrs.

R. Glass.

Twenty-one physicians of the Howard
medical corps reported 48 new cases, 17 in
the city and 31 in the suburbs. Prospects
are favorable for a frost to-night.

Mew Orleans, October 17.—Pr. Whilaid Martin, assistant surgeon of the United States Navy, who has been on duty for the Howard Association at Biloxi for some days, returned here to-day. He reports but few cases there at present.

The Howards received the following: The Howards received the Howards received the Howards received the following: The Howards

death the past two days. At Canton and vicinity there were 30 cases and 10 deaths

NEW ORLEANS, October 17 .- Mercury

Cincinnari, October 17.—The employes of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad have subscribed \$2,000 to the Southern relief fund.

Pasquier, President of the French Senate, as contributed \$100 to the yellow fever

## CLOSED FOR WANT OF BUSINESS.

Weather Indications. WASHINGTON, October 18.—For the Ten-nessee and Ohio Valley and Upper Lake region colder, clearing weather, wind mostly from west and north, stationary or wer temperature and rising barometer

The Negro Troubles at Waterproof, La.— Some Particulars About the Affair. NATCHEZ, Miss., October 17.—The fol-owing account of the troubles in Tensas

We have what we believe to be accurate information in reference to the disturbance in Tensas parish. The reports which have been circulated so extensively have been extravagantly exaggerated. On Monday last negroes in large numbers passed through Waterproof on their way to a mass meeting some miles above town, and in passing through some of them were very insulting and threatening in their language.

Beath of Lieut. Benner of the Relief Steamer John McCombs. language.
The citizens of Waterproof doubtless

Mexican Catholics.

The Rothschilds Loan Egypt Thirty
Million Dollars.

A Destructive Hurricane in Buenos
Ayres.

A Destructive Hurricane in Buenos
Ayres.

YELLOW FYEE AT GALLIPOLIS.
CINCINATI, O., October 17.—It is said that the yellow fever has not disappeared from Gallipolis, Ohio, as was thought, and so stated by the citizens. Seven deaths have occured within a weekin the infected district. The physicians decide that they are genuine cases of yellow fever.

NEW ORLEANS, October 17.—Weather cloudy and cool; light-rain this morning Deaths, 24; cases reported, 128. Total deaths, 3,500; total cases, 12,003.

NEW ORLEANS, October 17.—The following reports for the 48 hours, except where otherwise stated:

Baton Rouge, October 17.—The following reports for the 48 hours, except where otherwise stated:

Baton Rouge, October 17.—The following reports for the 48 hours, except where otherwise stated:

Baton Rouge, October 17.—The following reports for the 48 hours, except where otherwise stated:

Baton Rouge, October 17.—Twenty-threa cases and 6 deaths to date.

Rocky Sprinkos, October 17.—Twenty-threa cases and 6 deaths to date.

Rocky Sprinkos, October 17.—Twenty-threa cases and 6 deaths to date.

Good Cause for the rapprehension. And a message was sent to this city asking aid to save the lives and bonor of the women and children and the property of the town. A meeting at once assembled at the armory of the Light Infantry, and under the advice of the most prudent men of the country a number of persons numbering about one hundred, volunteered to go to Water-proof and learn the true state of affairs, and prepared, if necessary, to protect lives and property. The steam ferryboat twelve o'clock and reached Largent was procured and the party learn the true state of affairs, and property. The steam ferryboat twelve o'clock and reached Largent was procured and the party learn the true state of affairs, and prepared, if necessary, to protect lives and property. The steam ferryboat twelve o'clock and reached Largent was procu some 60 or 70 bales of cotton. When the party from this city arrived and a blank charge was fired from a 6 pounder, the greatest consternation prevailed among the negros in the parish, but when they found out who composed the party and from whence they came, they seemed much relieved, and seemed very glad to find that they were from Natchez. Our conclusion from what we have personally seen, is that while the colored people of Tensas parish and some of the adjoining parishes, have acted in such an imprudent

and threatening manner as to cause ser ious apprehension on the part of the peo ple of the parish. There has been no obability at any time of a dangerous out reak. Gov. Nichols to-night received a dispatch Gov. Nichols to-night received a dispatch from the District Attorney of Tensas parish, saying, the Sheriff has a force of 500 or 600 men, mostly militia from adjoining parishes, and needs no more force at present to maintain peace and vindicate the law. The Governor says the troops will remain under orders to answer the signal agreed upon, twenty blows on the fire bells, to reassemble at the armory for marching orders, but thinks their services will not be required. No mention is made in the dispatch to the Governor of any conflict having occurred.

## Kansas Pacific Railroad.

Kansas Pacific Railroad.

Sr. Louis, October 17.—A Globe-Democrat special from Leavenworth says: The opinion of Judge Miller, of the Supreme Court, regarding the application for the discharge of the present receivers of the Kansas Pacific Italiroad, Messrs. Greeley and Steward, and the appointment of a new and but one receiver in their stead, was received in the U.S. Circuit Court today, Judge Foster presiding, and the application granted. The decision provides for the appointment of a receiver not interested in the road and a resident of Kansas, through which the State road runs. Judge Foster will remove the present receivers and appoint their successor in a short time.;

## FIRE RECORD.

Спаттаноода, October 17.—Wildberger, Heyer & Co.'s cotton factory was burned

morning. Loss \$35,000:

## Rain and Wind at Memphis MEMPHIS, October 17.—A storm of wind and rain visited Memphis last evening and continued till 3 A.M. The weather is now

Washed Overboard. CHICAGO, October 17. — The schooner Maggie Thompson arrived this morning and reports that Captain Ingleson and and Mate John Anderson were washed overboard in Tuesday evening's storm.

Tilden Issues a Card.

New York, October 17. - Samuel J. Tilen has issued a card in relation to the reent publications of the cipher telegrams in the *Tribune*. A Chance for Frost. LITTLE ROCK, October 17.—The weather cooler, and there are good prospects for ost to-night.

## Bosron, Mass., October 18.—News has een received of the safety of the schoon-r Jordan L. Motte, reported lost with the an Domingo President aboard.

WASHINGTON, PA. The debt against the W. & W. Narrow lauge has been paid and the road will not be sold. A heavy political canvass is going on ir

Washington county, and Republican meetings are announced for every part of its territory. Shallenberger, Lawrence and others speak at Independence on the 24th. In the case of the Commonwealth vs Addison Knox, convicted of horse stealing, the court sentenced the prisoner to pay the costs of prosecution, pay a fine of one dollar, restore the horse and be committed to the penitentiary for a term of three years.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Benj. Thornburg, convicted of sheep stealing, the court sentenced him to pay the costs of prosecution, a fine of one For the Lower Lake regions partly to the Commonwealth and restore the cloudy weather, with frequent light rains, reering to colder northwest winds, and undergo imprisonment in the county isli for nine calendar months.

## YELLOW FEVER.

parish will appear to-morrow morning in the Natchez Democrat:

We have what we believe to be accurate

The Pestilence Still Hangs Around Gallipolis.

London, October 17.—The glut of cotton goods in Lancashire is simply unprecedented. At Preston, Nimmas mills, with 30,000 spindles, and Sharples' mills, with 32,500, have ceased running. Horracks, Miller & Co., the best known firm in the north of England, have adopted measures to restrict the production in their mills.

ENGLISH MONEY MARKET. London, October 17.—Consols for money 93 3-16, account 94\frac{1}{2}, Four-and-a-halves 105. Five-twenties 67. Refined petroleum 7\frac{1}{2}. DISASTROUS HURRICANE IN BURNOS AYRES.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says: A derrible hurricane on the river, Platteaused great inundation. A THIRTY MILLION DOLLAR LOAN TO EGYPT.

A THIRTY MILLION DOLLAR LOAN TO EGYPT.

It is said that the Rothschilds have agreed to loan Egypt \$30,000,000 to clear off their floating debt.

LONDON, October 17.—Assheton Cross, Home Secretary, in a speech at South Port to-day, defended the government's past policy. He said the government would never cease until by the exercise of their treaty rights they achieved England's great civilizing mission in the East. In regard to Afghanistan, he said the government had no desire to extend the boundaries of the Empire in that direction, but if they found new influences at work there they must be ready to deal with them. The Ameer's answer might be satisfactory and no more heard of the matter, but a volcane may suddenly break in upon them, and the government iclt that in that part of Asia there must be no doubt of England's supremacy.

A Bombay dispatch states that the powerful tribe of Monunds has been divided, and that one of the chiefs has offered to join the British. It is stated that desertions from the Afganistan army are daily occurences.

COUNT ANDRASSY AND THE PORTE.
VIENNA, October 17.—Count Andrassy's reply to the Porte's circular consists entirely of a refutation of the chargesof cruelty against the Austrian army of occupation in Bosnia, and comparison of the present occupation with Omer Pashas invasion in 1852. The letter was generally moderate in tone, but concludes with a strong repudiation of what it styles odious calumnies against the army. It also states that the Austrian-Hungarian Ambassador at Constantinople has been directed to notify the Porte of the bad effect which the charges can not fail to produce in Austria and Hungaria.

AN UNPOUNDED STATEMENT. COUNT ANDRASSY AND THE PORTE.

AN UNFOUNDED STATEMENT. A dispatch from Constantinople declares that the statement that Safvet Pasha has threatened to forcibly resist the Austrian occupation of Novi Bazar, is unfounded.

## GERMANY.

COME TO AN AGREEMENT-Berlin, October 17.—The Moderate Liberals and Conservatives have come to an agreement on the disputed points on the Socialist bill. The government has assented to a compromise which is in favor of the Liberals, as it restricts the power prohibiting periodicals and expelling the Agitators, last obstacle to the passage of the bill. Thus it has been removed.

HOHENLOHE EXPLAINS BISMARCK. HOHENLOHE EXPLAINS BISMARCK.
Prince Hobenlohe has explained at
Paris that the allusions to France in the
Chancellor's recent speech were perfectly
friendly and neighborly.
Prince Bismarck in reply to private inquiries from Austria, said he saw no objection to Count Von Beust's appointment as Ambassador at Paris.

Simila, October 17.—The concentration of Afghans in Khyber Pass is causing unasiness. The garrisons at Peshawar and Keoht are being reinforced. Three Pun-ab regiments have reached Tull. The force at Ali Masjid and Candakar has

been largely reinforced.

BOMBAY, October 17.—The Times of India publishes, a telegraphic dispatch saving the Ameer's reply has been received and is unsatisfactory.

Bomay, October 17—The Times of India publishes a telegraphic dispatch stating

## publishes a telegraphic dispatch stating that the Ameers reply has been received and is unsatisfactory.

RESIGNED AS MINISTER. RESIGNED AS MINISTER.

Rome, October 17.—The Minister of War has resigned. The report that Court Corti had resigned is pronounced to be premature. The crisis is unusually grave and is attributed to the dissatifaction of the Moderates with the programme of the home policy contained in the recent speech of Premier Cairoll. There are also other causes, one of which is the interference of the Cabinet with the discipline of the army. nt \$1 08. Hoos—Firmer; common \$2 50a3 00; light 3 15a3 35; packing 3 00a3 20; butchers 3 20a

ITALY.

## TURKEY. ORDERED TO QUIT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 17.—The Sultan has informed Minister Ledyard that he has written to the Ameer of Afghanistan, calling upon him as a good Mussulman to come to an amicable arrangement with England. BOSNIA.

## A PLEA FOR THE SERVIAN SAWS. BUCHARSET, October 17:—It is reported that England, Italy and France informed the Belgrode government that they will not recognize Servian independence until civil and political equality of Jews is pro-

A PLEA FOR THE SERVIAN JEWS.

PARIS, October 17.—The fete at Trocadero for the benefit of the fever stricken people of the United States realized 16,400 francs.

## SPAIN.

MADRID, October 17.—Senor Mendly Vigo will go to Washington as the Span-ish Minister, Senor Mantella was shortly to be transferred from Washington to Constantinople.

Toleno, October 17.— Whest—Firm; No. 1 white Michigan 80½6; No. 2 80½6; extra white Michigan 80½6; No. 2 mber Michigan spotes seller November 88½6; seller December 89½6; No. 2 amber Michigan 80½6; No. 2 mber Michigan 80½6; No.

## Financial and Commercial.

BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stocks

New York Money and Stocks.

New York, October 17.—Money—Active 44
4a7 per cunt. Prime mercantile paper 5a7 per cent. Customs receipts \$212,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed \$1,016,000. Clearings \$12,500,000. Sterling exchange, bankers' bills firm; sight exchange on New York 4.85.

GOLD—Steady at 100%. Carrying rates 1a2 per cent; borrowing rates flat.

GOYRESMENTS—Steady.

GOVERNMENTS—Steady.
United States of 1881, couper
Five-Twenties (1862) new
Five-Twenties (1863)
Five-Twenties (1863)
New Four and a halfs.
New Four and a halfs.
New Four Ten-Forties
Ten-Forties
Ten-Forties (coupons)
Currency Sixes.

Western Union. Quicksilver ... Quicksilver pfd... Pacific Mail.....

untain.	caterin Cinton	hi
88	C. C. C. & 1	31
1236	New Jersey Central.	31
staged mole	Book Island	110
1.052	St. Paul.	: 21
3	St. Paul preferred	6
356	Wabash	111
10734	St. Paul preferred Wabash Terre Haute	恢
0 95%	Terre Haute pfd	366
48	Fort Wayne	. 20
48	Chicago & Alton	. 79
al11014	Chicago & Alton pfd	10
1035	Ohio & Mississippi Delaware & Lacks	90
23	Delaware & Lacka	. 54
135	A. & P. Telegraph	. 20
J 673/2	Missouri Pacific	Ŧ0.
122	Burlington & Quincey	
661/6	Hannibal & St. Joe	94
663/4	Central Pacific bonds.	100
···· 75 -	Union Pacific bonds	100
81	Land Grants	104
2010	U. P. sinking fund	

American.... United States... New York Cent

Erle preferred... Harlem Michigan Centr

New York.

New York.

New York.

New York.

New York.

New York.

October 17.—Cotton—Quiet at 10a10½c. Flour—Dull; superfine State and western \$3 10a3 50; common to good extra 3 50a3 85; good to choice 3 90a4 50; white wheat extra 4 55a5 25; extra Ohio 3 55a5 00; St. Louis 3 75a6 00; Minnesota patent process 5 90a8 25. Wheat—Higher; rejected spring 70c; ungraded do 75a90c; No. 3 do 80a81c; No. 2 do 80a81c; No. 2 do 88a89c; ungraded white 98ca1 02; No. 3 do 93½c; No. 2 do 98a 98½c; No. 1 do at 10a1 02; ungraded white 98ca1 02; No. 3 do 93½c; No. 2 do 98a 98½c; No. 1 do at 10a1 02; vnewed 85ate 98ca1 00. Malt—Unchanged. Corn—Active and a shade higher; ungraded 40a47c; No. 2, de 1-2c; round yellow 25a06c. Oats—Firmer; rejected 25a25½c; No. 3, 25¾c26c; No. 3 white 273-4c; No. 2 white 29429½c; mixed western 25a41c; white western 25a34½c. Hay—Steady.

Heps—Demand fair and market firm. Coffee
—Dull and nominal. Sugar—Quiet; refining fair to good 7¾a7½c. Molasses—Dull; New Orleans 20a45c old; 50a60c new. Rice—Demand fair and market firm: Carolina and Louisiana 6a6½c. Whisky—Offered at \$111, 10 bid.

Chicago, October 17.—Flour — Quiet but firm. Wheat—Active, firm and higher; No. 2 red winter 84c cash; 8546 November; No. 2 Chicago spring 78½c cash; 78¾c October; 80¾c bid November; 81¾c December; No. 3 Chicago spring 63¾ca78½c; rejected 47a48c. 2 Chicago spring 73½c cash; 75¾c October; 80¾c bid November; 81¾c December, 80.3 Chicago spring 63¾a65¾c; rejected 47a84c. Corn—Demand fair and prices higher; 34c cash; 34½c bid November; 63¾c bid December. Onts—Demand light but holders firm; 18c cash; 18¾c November; 19¾c December; rejected 16c. Rye—Steady with a fair demand at 41½c. Barley—Pairly active and a shade higher; 95 cash; 96c November; extra No. 3, 57a59c. Ports—In good demand and prices a shade higher; \$76a7 65 cash; 7 62½ 7 65 November; 773½a7 75 December. Lard—Pairly active and a shade higher; 36 17½ cash; 6175¼a0 20 November; 6 23a6 22½ December. Bulk Meats—In good demand and prices a shade higher; shoulders \$30a4 2½; bulk Meats—In good demand and prices a shade higher; shoulders \$30a4 2½; bulk Meats—In good demand and prices a shade higher; shoulders \$30a5 35. Whisky—Steady with a good demand at \$107.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, October 17.—Flours—Weak; superfine \$2 50a5 90: extra \$3 00a3 50; Minnesota family \$4 50a5 25; high grades \$7 00a \$6 0. Wheat—Weak; No. 2 red at 966 asked; amber 90cal 00; white 1 00a1 03; No. 2 Chicago 92a04c. Corn—Weak; yellow 45c; mixed 46a46/5c. Oats—Weak; white western 27a 29c; western mixed 25a20c. Rye—Heavy; western 54a50c. Powelson. Nov. 18450c. 18a20c; Western Reserve 14a16c. Egg-Weak; western 10a20c. Cheese—Heavy; western full cream 8½a9½c. Petroleum— Sready; refined 9½c; crude 7c. Whisky— Western at \$1 11.

Cincinnatt. CINCINNAII, October 17.—Cotton—Dull at 0½c. Flour—Quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Dull; red 80a85c; white 83a85c. Corn—Inactive at 37a29c. Oats—Quiet at 21a25c. Rye—Steady at 50c. Barley—In fair demand; No. 2 fail \$110. Fork—In fair demand but at lower rates; \$8.00. Lard—Demand fair and the control of the cont at lower rates; \$8 00. Lard—Demand fair and market firm; current make 6 20; kettle \$700 ar 25. Bulk Meats—Inactive at 3 90a5 00a 5 25. Baccon—In fair demand at 445a5 70a 5 75a5 85a6 00. Butter—Dull and unchanged. Linseed Oil—Quiet at 54a56c. Whisky—Strong at \$1 08.

## Chicago Cattle Market.

reports:
Hogs-Receipts 21,000; shipments 5,500
Hogs-Receipts 21,000; shipments 5,500 Hoss—Receipts 21,000; shipments 5,500; opened firm but closed weak and lower: Philphias 3 31 1.2a3 00; choice heavy 3 20a3 45; light \$314a3 30; mixed packing 3 10a3 314; CATILE—Receipts 3,200; shipments 2,100. Quiet and weak; choice shipping 4 00a4 45; export steers \$4 60a5 00; medium 3 00a3 55; feeders and stockers quiet and easy at 2 40a 314; butchers' easy and in light request; bulls 170a2 12 1-2; cows 2 00a2 75; stendy at 2 90a 3 75. 75. SHEEF - Receipts 1,200 head; dull at 3 60a

# Dry Goods. New York, October 17.—Business quiet, owing partly to the mildness of the weather. Cotton goods quiet in first hands. Brown sheetings unsettled in price and jobbing at at lower figures. Prints and ginghams moving slowly. Dress goods in moderate request. Men's wear woolens quiet, but cloakings and flannels in fair demand.

CHARLES E. DWIGHT. PRACTICAL CHEMIST. Is prepared to make careful and complete analyses of Iron Ores, Limestones, Mineral Waters, etc.

## LABORATORY, COR. 24TH AND CHAPLINE STR., CRISTADORO'S HAIR

JOSEPH CRISTADORA, Proprietor,